

Communicating the Curriculum guidance statements



Listed by Programme of Study statement across all year groups

RECEPTION EARLY LEARNING GOALS

ELG: Communication and Language: Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.
- Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.
- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

ELG: Speaking

- Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.
- Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

1. Listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Able to concentrate on the person talking and to ignore background noise and movement which is not relevant to the situation	Know the key points they need to focus on in order to answer a question e.g. 'Five buses have nine passengers each but the two trains are empty. How many passengers altogether?'	Be able to listen to complex information and work out most of the key information (some support may be required to help them to work out the next steps) e.g. Tell your partner three facts about using the right words if you can and then write them down.'	Listen to information, work out which elements are key and make relevant, related comments e.g. 'So we need to go home and ask people of different ages what telly was like when they were young and work out how things have changed. I can ask my granny, my dad and my big sister.'	Listen to complex information and identify key elements and make relevant, related comments e.g. 'Everyone needs to find a partner and then collect a kit. You will need two flasks, 100 ml of water and some food dye. You will need to take two colours for each group, but the groups can share if there are not enough to go around. Decide who's going to collect what, and if you need to share colours, and then wait until I tell you what to do next.'	Understand the key points made by a number of speakers and to compare different points of view
I can listen to the teacher in my classroom and ignore other people or noises.	I can find the most important parts in a spoken question.	I can listen to tricky information and find the important parts.	I can listen to information, know the important parts and comment on it.	I can listen to complex information, know the important parts and respond to it.	I can listen to information from different people and compare different points of view.
Understand 2-3 part instructions that may include time concepts, for example using 'first', 'before', 'after' or 'when' e.g. 'Before you sit down you need to hang up your coat and wipe your feet.'	Understand complex 2-3 part instructions e.g. 'Choose a character from the story we have just read, then talk to your partner about how they feel at the end of the story and be ready to share your ideas.'	Recognise the cause and effect element of spoken instructions, that there may be consequences if certain instructions are not followed e.g. 'Everyone needs to stop talking and listen now, otherwise we will be late for break.'	Infer meanings, reasons and make predictions e.g. 'Now, Class 4, I'm going to count to 10' – i.e. 'Mrs Jones is getting cross, we need to listen.'	Actively use inference, prediction and reasoning skills by looking for the underlying meaning of what has been said e.g. 'You said there was no milk left but I can see a full jug on the table. You are teasing me!'	Appreciate sarcasm when it is obvious e.g. 'My best vase, broken. Now that was really clever.'
I can understand instructions that tell me the order I have to do something.	I can understand long instructions where I have to do several different things.	I can understand why I must follow a teacher's instruction and what will happen if I do not do this.	I can work out what could happen next even when the teacher has not told me.	I can work out when a message has a different meaning.	I can recognise when someone does not mean exactly what they say.

2. Ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge

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Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Ask questions to find out things using 'how' and 'why' when prompted e.g. 'Can you think of a 'why' question about this story?' – 'Why does Harry go to the island of the monsters?'	Ask a range of different types of questions to find out specific information including 'how' and 'why' e.g. 'How do we know the burglars can't get in?'	Ask a range of different types of questions to find out specific information including 'how' and 'why' e.g. 'How do we know this was from Ancient Roman times?'	Able to use a series of questions to keep a conversation flowing e.g. 'Do you like science? What do you like most about science? Have you learned about food chains yet?'	Use follow up questions linked to answers that have just been given e.g. When did you?, What happened?, Why did you?	Understand and use different types of questions: open, closed, rhetorical
I can find things out by asking how and why questions.	I can ask lots of different types of questions to find things out.	I can ask relevant questions.	I can ask a series of questions to have a conversation.	I can ask a variety of follow up questions to find out more about the initial answer / information given.	I can understand and use lots of different types of questions.
Be aware when they haven't understood something and be able to say for example 'I don't understand' (with no further elaboration)	Recognise when a message is not clear and be able to provide some information about why e.g. 'Can you say that again; you used too many words' or 'It was too fast.'	Be aware of when they haven't understood something because of the vocabulary used and ask a general clarification question e.g. 'What does that long word mean?'	Be aware of when they can't remember and ask for an explanation e.g. 'Is the author the one that writes the story and the illustrator does the pictures?'	Ask a clarification question that requires the speaker to elaborate on what they have said e.g. 'Could you explain again how that works?'	Identify clearly when they haven't understood and be specific about what additional information they need e.g. 'So what is the difference between transparent and translucent?'
I can say 'I don't understand' when I'm stuck.	I can tell someone when I don't understand something and why I didn't understand it.	I can tell someone when I don't understand all the words that they have used and ask them about it.	I can say when I can't remember certain words and ask for an explanation.	I can ask a specific question so that the speaker clarifies what s/he meant.	I can ask a specific question to work out what piece of a message I don't understand.

3. Use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Able to group and name members of categories and to suggest possible category names e.g. 'Horse, cow and pig are all mammals'; 'Pen, pencil and ruler are stationery'; 'Rain, snow and sunshine are types of weather.'	Recognise when they haven't understood a word or words and be able to provide some information about why e.g. 'Can you say that again; you used too many words' or 'It was too fast.'	Experiment with new vocabulary in different contexts to test out understanding and to learn from mistakes e.g. 'The land around the arctic has no trees and is called the tundrum.' (Meaning 'tundra')	Identify clearly when they haven't understood/can't remember specific vocabulary and can ask questions to clarify their understanding e.g. 'What do we call a ghost again, is it a spectator or a spectre?'	Incorporate topic vocabulary into their written and spoken work e.g. Everything is made up of atoms, like solids, liquids and gases.'	Use 'academic' vocabulary (i.e. 'Tier 2' words e.g. co-operate, analyse) but the meaning might not be accurate e.g. 'I had to co-operate really hard to get my work done.'
I can sort things into groups and give each group a name.	I can tell someone when I don't understand something and why I didn't understand it.	I try to use new topic vocabulary in my answers.	I can tell someone when I can't remember the right word to use. I can ask a question to help me.	I can use topic vocabulary accurately in my spoken answers and written work.	I try to use 'learning' words when I am talking about my work.
Able to guess the word from clues, or give others clues using shape, size, function, etc with support e.g. 'It is long and wriggly and makes a hissing sound.'; 'It is found in the kitchen, it has a handle and a lip and you might put milk in it.'	Able to compare words by the way they look, sound or their meaning for example bare/ bear, two/to/too, and begin to comment on this e.g. 'If you had a bare bear then it wouldn't have any fur!'; 'Furious and angry mean the same thing.'				
I know what someone is describing when they give me some clues. I can give clues about a word for someone to guess.	I can talk about words that look or sound the same. I can talk about words that have the same meaning.				

4. Articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions Year 2 Year 4 Year 1 Year 5 Year 6 Use language consistently to Use simple conjunctions to Give reasons and explanations Use complex grammar and Able to use complex sentences Able to use language to express likes and dislikes justify or explain something for choices and viewpoints in sentences effectively to clarify, and link by meaning to present. negotiate with others, to explain class discussions summarise, explain choices and options available and to predict ideas logically e.g. 'I don't like using sticky clay.' e.g. Tam going to finish this possible outcomes picture because then I won't e.g. 'I think the ending of the e.g. 'We travelled to France for e.g. I will put these maths have to do it for homework." book is better than the ending e.g. We decided that Jenny our holiday and enjoyed the in the film because sometimes would go first because she's the journey on the ferry because books away if you will collect the there was a soft play area and pencils. This will be quicker." things don't work out well for fastest and would get us a good we were allowed to drink coke." people in real life." I can use a sentence to tell I can explain things using a I can summarise and explain I can share information with I can give a reason for what I I can explain, negotiate and

my group's discussion.

other people so that they can

understand me clearly.

predict possible outcomes.

think in a class discussion.

someone when I am not happy, sentence with 'because' or

'when'.

	Give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings – continued						
Able to join sentences using 'and' e.g. 'I went shopping and I bought some apples.'	Able to use conjunctions to increase the length and grammatical complexity of sentences e.g. 'because', 'when'.	Able to use conjunctions to increase the length and grammatical complexity of sentences e.g. 'before, after, while, so'.	Able to use fronted adverbials to increase the length and grammatical complexity of sentences e.g. 'Later that day, I heard the bad news.'	Use complex sentences and conjunctions to link ideas together in order to present ideas logically e.g. 'The boy fell over in the park; however he did not need to go to hospital because his injuries were not serious.'	Use long and complex sentence structures in class and other situations e.g. 'I will come with you only because it means that you will stop hassling me.'		
I can join sentences using 'and'.	I can use 'because' or 'when' to make my sentences longer.	I can use 'before, after, while' and 'so' to make my sentences longer.	I can begin my explanations or story sentences with phrases using 'later, before, after, while'.	I can use long sentences to talk about my ideas.	I can use varied and interesting vocabulary to make my sentences longer in a variety of situations.		

6. Maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Maintain attention and participate in conversation and small groups providing there are minimal external distractions. Attention and participation in larger groups is sustained for most of the activity	Take turns to talk, listen and respond in two way conversations and groups	Able to initiate conversations with unfamiliar adults (in school or in a safe environment) and pupils	Able to sustain a conversation by giving reasons and explaining choices and views e.g. I think we should start sorting out these pictures so we can stick them onto the paper. If we use the Pritt stick it will be quicker than using the other glue.'	Able to use and respond to a range of strategies such as asking questions or making relevant comments to keep a conversation flowing	Able to share ideas and information, give and receive advice, offer and take notice of the opinion of others e.g. 'I think the boy was being mean to the girl but you are right when you said that she was being mean to him first'.
I can listen carefully when I am in a group.	I can listen carefully in a group and take turns in a discussion.	I can start a conversation with school visitors or other pupils in my school.	I can add to a conversation by explaining my thinking to other people.	I can ask questions and make helpful comments to help keep a conversation going.	I can share my opinions with other people and listen and respond to what they think.

7. Use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas

Year 1 Use language to talk self through steps required in simple problem solving e.g. Thave to get all the Lego bricks and sort them out. I need to find all the black ones. Then I can start making this manster.' I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about a the mout I can to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen in a story or something that happened. I can talk about a the mout I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen exit in a story or something that happen exit in a story or something that happen and why. I can share complicated information with other people so that they can understand me clearly. Able to use language to persuade explaining other options and possible outcomes explaining other options and possible outcomes a difference to someone's life.' I can persuade people to agree with me by talking to them.						
hoppen in a story or retelling of an event on feelings e.g. Thave to get all the Lego bricks and sort them out. I need to find all the black ones. Then I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a task. I can talk about the things I need to do so that I can complete a ta	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
e.g. 'I have to get all the Lego bricks and sort them out. I need to find all the black ones. Then I can start making this monster.' I can talk about what will happen next in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen next in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen next in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen next in a story or something that happen next in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen next in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen next in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen next in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen next in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen next in a story or something that happened. I can talk about what will happen next in a story or something that happen next in a story or something that happened. Able to use language to persuade e.g. Think he is going to fall into the water because I have seen the other class lining up.' I can a discuss what might in and it is the third door on the left as you leave this room. Then turn right and it is the third door on the left.' I can share complicated I can understand what other happen next in a story or something with other people so that they can understand me clearly. Able to use language to people man or are trying to suggest even if they don't say it literally. Able to negotiate an agreement explaining other options and possible outcomes e.g. 'Ok, let's try the carpet first, as most of us think that will cause most fiction; but the rubber mat is quite sticky and if we are wrong then the other team will win.'	through steps required in simple	happen in a story or retelling of	used to investigate and reflect	e.g. 'If you hold the bowl still,	and to present ideas logically	prediction skills
I need to do so that I can complete a task. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that happened. happen next in a story or something that they can understand me clearly. Able to use language to explaining other options and possible outcomes e.g. 'Ok, let's try the carpet first, as most of us think that will cause most friction; but the rubber mat is quite sticky and lif we are wrong then the other team will win.' I can persuade people to agree I can use language to discuss	bricks and sort them out. I need to find all the black ones. Then I	into the water because he is not	2 .	in with two hands. That way I	the gym is going through the big hall which is on the left as you leave this room. Then turn right and it is the third door on the	because I have seen the other
persuade explaining other options and possible outcomes e.g. 'Do you want to be part of something that helps people who have lost everything? Then join my fantastic fundraising group and you can make a group and you can make a difference to someone's life.' I can persuade people to agree in can use language to discuss	I need to do so that I can	happen next in a story or	various feelings and find out how other people feel about		information with other people so that they can understand	people mean or are trying to suggest even if they don't say
					e.g. 'Do you want to be part of something that helps people who have lost everything? Then join my fantastic fundraising group and you can make a	e.g. 'Ok, let's try the carpet first, as most of us think that will cause most friction; but the rubber mat is quite sticky and if we are wrong then the other

8. Speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of standard English

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Produce speech that is clear and easy to understand, with only a few immaturities e.g. 'w' instead of 'r', 'f' instead of 'th', complex consonant blends e.g. 'sc' instead of 'scr'.	Produce speech that is consistently clear and easy to understand, with very few immaturities e.g. 'f' instead of 'th', complex consonant blends, e.g. 'sc' instead of 'scr'.	Produce speech that is consistently clear and easy to understand	Produce speech that is consistently clear and easy to understand	Produce speech that is consistently clear and easy to understand	Produce speech that is consistently clear and easy to understand
I can say most speech sounds clearly.	I can say most speech sounds clearly.	I can say all speech sounds clearly.	I can say all speech sounds clearly.	I can say all speech sounds clearly.	I can say all speech sounds clearly.
Able to say words accurately with 3 syllables or less	Able to say words with 4 or more syllables fairly consistently	Able to say words of any length with accuracy	Able to say words of any length with accuracy	Able to say words of any length with accuracy	Able to say words of any length with accuracy
I can say words with up to 3 syllables clearly.	I can say words with up to 4 syllables clearly.	I can say polysyllabic words clearly.	I can say polysyllabic words clearly.	I can say polysyllabic words clearly.	I can say polysyllabic words clearly.
Able to blend 3 or 4 phonemes to make a word, and segment words into individual sounds	Able to manipulate sounds in words such as deleting sounds from words e.g. *What word do you get if you take away the 'f' sound from 'feet'? Answer - 'eat'.	Use phonological awareness skills when spelling, although some mistakes may still be made	Secure phonological awareness skills	Secure phonological awareness skills	Secure phonological awareness skills
I can blend sounds out loud to make a short word. I can say the sounds I hear in a word.	I can make new words by taking some sounds away from a word.	I try to spell words with 4 or more phonemes by listening to the sounds in the words.	I can identify the sounds in a word; the number of syllables and rhyming words and use this in my reading and spelling.	I can identify the sounds in a word, the number of syllables and rhyming words and use this in my reading and spelling.	I can identify the sounds in a word; the number of syllables and rhyming words and use this in my reading and spelling.

8. Speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of standard English – continued

Able to use appropriate tenses and word order e.g. 'The girl walked to school' or Tornorrow I will be on holiday.'	Know that there are some terms or expressions that are only used amongst friends e.g. 'Hiya!', 'See ya later!'	Able to signal punctuation and emphasise meaning through the use of intonation e.g. pausing to divide speech into intelligible 'chunks' of meaning.	Use formal language when appropriate in some familiar situations e.g. showing a visitor around school, using language such as 'Excuse me', 'I'm pleased to meet you' and speaking in full sentences.	Use appropriately different words and phrases, from how people in that area normally talk, and standard English e.g. 'we were' instead of 'we was', or 'I did' instead of 'I done.'	Able to re-phrase what they want to say according to the audience e.g. in more formal situations use 'discover' for 'find out', 'request' for 'ask for' etc.
I can make sentences about what is happening now, what has happened and what will happen.	I know there are some words I only use with friends.	I can use changes in my voice to make my meaning even clearer.	I can talk politely with school visitors.	I can talk using standard English when appropriate.	I can choose vocabulary appropriate to formal or informal situations.

9. Participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Remember their words and speak clearly in short	Take turns to talk, listen and respond in two way	Respond to the opinions of others in the group	Able to take on group roles to discuss with peers	Able to take turns, listening carefully to others and politely	Able to share ideas and information, give and receive
presentations, performances and role play	conversations and groups	e.g. 'Everyone on my table thinks the boy made the right choice. I	e.g. able to act as the chairperson or the note taker in	agreeing or disagreeing with them	advice, affer and take notice of the opinion of others
		agree with them."	a group.		e.g. 'I think the boy was being mean to the girl but you are right when you said that she was being mean to him first.'
I can speak clearly in presentations, performances and role plays when I have just got a bit to say.	I can listen carefully in a group and take turns in a discussion.	I can say something about what other people think.	I can take different roles in a group discussion, e.g. leader or note taker.	I can listen carefully to others and politely agree or disagree with them.	I can share my opinions with other people and listen and respond to what they think.
				Able to present a point of view by presenting evidence and using persuasive language with familiar topics	Able to present a point of view by presenting evidence and using persuasive language with academic topics
				e.g. 'I think we could all go out in the snow because we all have boots, coats, gloves and hats and if we get some fresh air now we will be able to concentrate better on our work when we come back.'	e.g. 'If we all recycled more, we wouldn't need to use as much energy to make new things, so it would be better for the planet.'
				I can use persuasive language when presenting my thoughts and ideas.	I can use persuasive language when presenting my thoughts and ideas about topics I am learning about.

10. Gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) Year 2 Year 1 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6 Able to initiate a conversation Usually able to keep to topic in a Able to initiate conversations Add or omit detail according to Reglise when the listener Able to share ideas and with a class visitor by using conversation with unfamiliar adults (in school how much is already known by doesn't fully understand and try information, give and receive or in safe environment) and the listener advice, offer and take notice of prepared questions to help them the opinion of others pupils e.g. 'Peter was in big trouble last evening when he didn't put e.g. I think the boy was being Munchkin, that's our pet rabbit, mean to the girl but you are away." right when you said that she was being mean to him first." I can ask a class visitor I can talk to others and stay on I can start a conversation with When I talk to people, I usually I can repeat or re-phrase what I can share my opinions with questions that I have already the same topic. school visitors or other pupils know how much information I have said to help someone other people and listen and thought of. understand me. in my school. they need. respond to what they think. Can be easily prompted to move Exaggerate to make a story Use intonation to give added Is able to use humour effectively Sophisticated use of questions on if they are talking too much more interesting emphasis to help conversation flow e.g. 'I was so tired I could have e.g. 'Helpful?', she cried, You slept for a week!" must be joking!" I can let someone else take a I can exaggerate to make my I can make my reading or I can use language to make I can use lots of different turn in a conversation when stories more exciting. talking sound more interesting people laugh. types of questions in a

by how I use my voice.

conversation.

11. Consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others

prompted.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Respond to points of interest when listening to contributions of others	Ask lots of questions to find out information and respond appropriately to the answers	Able to understand another's point of view and show whether they agree or disagree	Able to identify and reflect on key points of what they have just been told	Actively use inference, prediction and reasoning skills by looking for the underlying meaning of	Able to reflect on several people's opinions or suggestions and summarise or suggest a
e.g. 'Oh I have been to Brighton Pier as well. Did you go on the helter-skelter?'	e.g. 'It is called evaporation? OK, then the answer is that the water will evaporate when it is heated up.'	e.g. 'I know why you think the boy is naughty but I don't think he did it on purpose.'	e.g. 'So our flag is called the Union flag and not the Union Jack. The flag pole is the jack, they always call it that on the TV.'	what has been said e.g. 'Are we going to Disneyland? You said there would be a brilliant surprise and you keep smiling and looking at Dad.'	e.g. 'I think we should all go swimming first but make sure you have enough money for the bus fare home.'
I can make a comment when talking to other people.	I can ask questions to find out information and use information from the answers to make my response.	I can tell someone when I agree with their opinion and when I don't agree.	I can follow complicated information that someone is sharing and remember the important points.	I can work out when a message has a different meaning.	I can summarise what other people suggest or think and make my own suitable suggestions based on this.

12. Select and use appropriate registers for effective communication

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Imitate popular language e.g. 'It's cool', 'Hey mate!', or 'Have you seen James Bond? It's wicked.'	Know that there are some terms or expressions that are only used amongst friends e.g. 'in your face', 'wicked' and 'yeah right' with friends but not teachers.	Aware of the need to use more formal language with adults e.g. 'Please could I have another pencil?' (to the teacher) or 'Give me/pass me another pencil' (to a peer).	Understand and use popular colloquial expressions e.g. 'That's sick!'	Use appropriately different words and phrases, from how people in that area normally talk, and standard English e.g. 'we were' instead of 'we was', or 'I did' instead of 'I done'.	Able to re-phrase what they want to say according to the audience e.g. in more formal situations use 'discover' for 'find out', 'request' for 'ask for' etc.
I can use expressions that I hear other people using.	I know there are some words I only use with friends.	I can use polite language when I am talking to adults.	I know lots of phrases that only people my age would use.	I can talk using standard English when appropriate.	I can choose vocabulary appropriate to formal or informal situations.